EXHIBIT 2-S2

SUMMARY OF HUD'S LEAD-BASED PAINT (LBP) REQUIREMENTS

HUD's LBP requirements do not apply if any one the following exist:

- The structure was built after January 1, 1978; or
- Is officially certified as free of lead-based paint by an EPA-certified lead-based paint inspector; or
- A visual inspection identifies no deteriorated paint, and rehabilitation work shall disturb
 - ✓ less than two square feet (2 sq. ft.) of paint in any one interior room;
 - ✓ less than 10% of the total surface area on any interior component; and
 - ✓ less than 20 sq. ft. on exterior painted surfaces

	Amount of HOME Funds		Lead-Based Paint Requirements
A.	Property receiving \$5,000 or less in rehabilitation work per unit	1)	 Notification: a) Grantees must supply occupants with lead information pamphlet and document delivery. See Exhibits 2-U and 2-V. b) Grantees must notify owners of defective paint surfaces. c) Owners must disclose presence of LBP to current and prospective homebuyers/occupants. See Exhibit 2-T.
		2)	<u>Paint Testing</u> : An EPA-certified LBP Inspector or Assessor must inspect the unit(s). Grantees may presume the presence of lead-based paint in lieu of conducting an inspection.
		3)	Lead Hazard Reduction/Control: a) HUD-qualified workers must perform the stabilization work (implementation of interim controls). These persons do not need to be EPA-certified LBP supervisors or workers. ii b) Use safe work practices during rehabilitation.
		4)	<u>Clearance</u> : (necessary only for the LBP hazard reduction work area) An EPA-certified LBP Risk Assessor or Clearance Technician must certify the unit as safe for occupancy.
		5)	Notification: Owners, occupants, and prospective occupants or purchasers must be notified of the results of any lead hazard reduction work. See Exhibit 2-W .
			ease contact HOME program staff if you have questions about ese requirements.

	Amount of HOME Funds		Lead-Based Paint Requirements
B.	Property receiving more than \$5,000 and up to \$25,000 in rehabilitation work per unit	1)	 Notification: a) Grantees must supply occupants with lead information pamphlet and document delivery. See Exhibits 2-U and 2-V. b) Grantees must notify owners of defective paint surfaces. c) Owners must disclose presence of LBP to current and prospective homebuyers/occupants. See Exhibit 2-T.
		2)	<u>Paint Testing</u> : An EPA-certified LBP Inspector or Assessor must inspect the unit(s). Grantees may presume the presence of lead-based paint in lieu of conducting an inspection.
		3)	Risk Assessment: A Risk Assessment by an EPA-certified LBP Risk Assessor is required.
		4)	 Lead Hazard Reduction/Control: a) HUD-certified workers must perform the stabilization work (implementation of interim controls). These persons do not need to be EPA-certified LBP supervisors or workers. ii b) Use safe work practices during rehabilitation.
		5)	<u>Clearance</u> : The LBP hazard reduction work area must be cleared to assure it is safe for occupancy. An EPA-certified Risk Assessor or Clearance Technician must do the clearance.
		6)	Notification: Owners, occupants and prospective occupants or purchasers must be notified of the results of any lead hazard reduction work. See Exhibit 2-W .
		7)	Ongoing LBP maintenance: The owners of the property are responsible for maintaining the lead-free environment. If, upon annual inspection, the presence of chipping, peeling or cracking paint is identified, EPA-certified personnel must inspect and assess the lead risk in the unit; HUD-qualified workers must stabilize the deteriorated paint; and an EPA-certified person must perform clearance testing.
			ease contact HOME program staff if you have questions about ese requirements.

Amount of HOME Funds	Lead-Based Paint Requirements
C. Property receiving more than \$25,000 per unit for rehabilitation work	Notification: a) Grantees must supply occupants with lead information pamphlet and document delivery. See Exhibits 2-U and 2-V. b) Grantees must notify owners of defective paint surfaces. c) Owners must disclose presence of LBP to current and prospective homebuyers/occupants. See Exhibit 2-T.
	Paint Testing: An EPA-certified LBP Inspector or Assessor must inspect the unit(s). Grantees may presume the presence of lead-based paint in lieu of conducting an inspection.
	Risk Assessment: A Risk Assessment by an EPA-certified LBP Risk Assessor is required.
	 Abatement (Removal) of LBP hazards: a) Rehabilitation will include mandatory abatement of all LBP. b) EPA-certified persons must do all work. EPA-certified Inspectors, Risk Assessors, Supervisors and Workers are the only persons who may do work on a project involving greater than \$25,000 worth of rehabilitation on a unit. Note: A HUD-qualified worker may do the abatement work, but an EPA-certified supervisor must be on the work site at all times. ii
	5) <u>Clearance</u> : The LBP abatement work area must be cleared to assure it is safe for occupancy. An EPA-certified Risk Assessor or Clearance Technician must do the clearance.
	6) Notification: Owners, occupants and prospective occupants or purchasers must be notified of the results of any lead hazard reduction work.
	7) Ongoing LBP maintenance: The property owners are responsible for maintaining a lead-free environment. If, upon annual inspection, the presence of chipping, peeling or cracking paint is identified, EPA-certified personnel must inspect and assess the lead risk in the unit; HUD-certified workers must stabilize the deteriorated paint; and an EPA-certified person must perform clearance testing.
	Please contact HOME program staff if you have questions about these requirements.

¹ To be considered an EPA-certified inspector, assessor, clearance technician or supervisor, one must complete a weeklong training course and successfully pass the EPA-administered exam.

[&]quot;HUD-certified workers must complete an eight-hour, HUD-sponsored lead safety training program. Contact your HOME Program Officer for current information on HUD training, or go to: http://www.leadsafetraining.org/